

# DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

VOL. 2--NO. 111.

MAYSVILLE, SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1883.

PRICE ONE CENT.

## THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

GREAT destitution is reported as prevailing in Egypt.

SET GREEN is seriously ill at his home in Rochester, N. Y.

The Braidwood mine has been abandoned for the time being.

THE death of General N. B. Buford is announced from Chicago.

AT Hastings, Nebraska, C. M. Millett was shot dead by highwaymen.

PETROLEUM suddenly sprung from 94 cents to \$1 at Pittsburg.

TWO negroes, cousins, were found murdered in their cabin near Alton, Ill.

HERM STEINBACKER, aged fifteen years, was cut in twain by an engine at St. Louis.

WM. SHAOAN has been arrested in Missouri for the murder of two soldiers in 1862.

THE examination of the last arrival of Jeannette survivors is now in progress at Washington.

NUEROUS arrests are being made of persons who gild the new nickels and try to pass them for \$5 gold pieces.

THE Tennessee Legislature has passed a law making it a felony for the owner or agent of a building to let it for gambling purposes.

D. F. WALKER, convicted of the murder of Samuel Hardberger, has been sentenced to be hanged at Trenton Ga., the 4th of May.

GOLD, the Alfordsville (Ind.) murderer, has been rearrested on a charge of murder in the first degree on a warrant issued by the Mayor of Washington.

THE family of Mrs. Deschler and that of a neighbor were poisoned in Indianapolis by some person through confections, which were left at the door in a box.

SECRETARY TELLER announces that he will put up no more foolishness from the Indians. They must comply with the laws, or he will kill them off.

STEPHEN C. HOWARD, of Dyersburg, Tenn., was accidentally fatally shot by the proprietor of a gun store, in St. Louis, who was showing him a self-cocking revolver.

THE "Working Men's Burial Fund and Endowment Association" of Pittsburgh is said to be another form of graveyard insurance and five of its officers are under arrest.

ASA F. LEOPOLD, Treasurer of Crystal Lake, Mich., charged with embezzlement, has had the charge withdrawn and has sued his accuser, Geo. Runkel, for \$20,000 damages.

AN attempt was made to burn Vicksburg, a barber shop in the center of the city being thoroughly saturated with coal oil and fired, but detected in time to nip the scheme in the bud.

AT Chicago while Mrs. Philip Jacobs was alone attending her husband's gent's furnishing store, she was attacked by robbers and beaten so that she died from her injuries.

A PASSENGER has been arrested at Liverpool, who had just arrived on a steamer from Cork, having in his possession a box containing explosives and what are believed to be infernal machines.

AT Hillsdale, Mich., John Mulqueen invited Adam Glasgow to drink a glass of beer with him. While Glasgow was in the act of drinking the beer, Mulqueen cut his throat with a razor, killing him almost instantly.

GUNTHER SCHNELLE, convicted of killing his reputed father, Dr. Schuchardt, at Wheeling, W. Va., has confessed the crime, saying he was impelled to the deed by his desire to avenge his mother's death, who, he declares, was poisoned by the doctor.

GOVERNOR FOSTER, of Ohio, and Hon. Ben. Butterworth are among the Ohio candidates for the Postmaster Generalship. The Washington Critic believes that First Assistant Postmaster General Frank Hartwill receive the appointment.

C. F. HIGHTOWER, informer and guide to a party of revenue officers, was shot from ambush and killed in the Saluda mountains, in Greenville county, S. C.

MILLE PHILIPPOFF, who, after evading the Russian authorities for five years, was recently arrested, is said to possess such great beauty of person and is such a brilliant talker, that even the oldest of the Russian officials dare not trust themselves alone long at a time in her presence. By her bewitching ways and forcible arguments, it is said, she almost succeeds in converting them to nihilism.

## Folger's Condition.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Secretary Folger sat up and ate some dinner last evening. He received several of his friends, and talked quite cheerfully. There is a belief among many here that he will not live long, however. The physicians are trying to fix him up so that he can get off on his southern trip early next week.

## Gold Rearrested.

WASHINGTON, IND., March 30.—Gold, the Alfordsville murderer, has been arrested again on a warrant issued by the Mayor of this city on a charge of murder in the first degree, and on account of the wounded doctor being unable to attend as a witness the examination was postponed and Gold sent to jail. Dr. Bigham's condition is worse.

## HANGING OF A WOMAN

### Mrs. Meeker Executed in a Vermont Penitentiary.

Execution of a Boy at Leesburg, Virginia — A Hanging in South Carolina.

WINSTON, VT., March 30.—Mrs. Emeline Meeker was hanged in the Penitentiary here to-day for the murder of little Alice Meeker, aged fourteen years, in 1880. The victim of the tragedy was an orphaned girl named Meeker, and the alleged murderers were Almon Meeker and Emeline Meeker, mother and son. The Meekers were poor farming folks, who lived on the outskirts of the village of Waterbury. Mrs. Meeker was of a sullen, morose nature, and could not tolerate children in her house.

Her son Almon was uncouth, and possessed little learning. The old lady was extremely deaf, while the boy's faculties were quite dull. It was in this household that Alice Meeker, a half-sister of E. C. Meeker, husband of Emeline Meeker, was sent to live from the poor-farm of Charlotte, in 1879. She was the object of abuse and hatred from the time of her entrance under the Meeker roof. One night, after Alice had gone to bed, she was seized and roughly dressed in a calico gown, and a sack tied over her head.

She was then carried by her murderers to a wagon, driven far miles along a lonely road, and finally forced to drink a dose of strychnine disguised in sweetened water. The body was buried in a swamp. When Mrs. Meeker and Almon were arrested the latter confessed the crime, and at the fall term of the Washington county court pleaded guilty to murder in the first degree, and was sentenced to be hung on the second Friday in February, 1882. Owing to mitigating circumstances his sentence was commuted to life imprisonment. Emeline Meeker pleaded not guilty. A jury was impaneled, and the trial proceeded, lasting ten days.

The prisoner's counsel demanded separate trials, but Judge Bedford overruled the claim and required both respondents to be tried together. The trial lasted ten days, and the jury, after being out two hours, came into Court and rendered a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree against Mrs. Meeker. The sentence of the Court was that she be confined in the State prison at Windsor, the last three months to be passed in solitary confinement, and there be hanged by the neck till dead.

Her final interview with her son Almon took place last night. They shook hands, the mother showing slight excitement. She claimed it is all false, and Almon's lies brought her to her present position, and demanded why he did so. She admitted she could tell a good story, but claimed that justice should be meted to all. She said all the family hated Alice, and had whipped her severely. Almon asked her if she had not asked him to take the child to the mountains to starve. She laughed, saying she never thought of such a thing. During the interview, which lasted over an hour, she showed great resolution.

WILLIAM BEAMER,

LEESBURG, VA., March 30.—William Beamer, a colored boy still in his teens, was hanged in the jail here to-day for a criminal assault on a little white child several months ago. The crime was committed on the public road. The victim was a bright little white child under twelve years of age. Beamer was fifteen years old and said to be mentally weak, and on that account a strong effort was made to have Governor Cameron commute the sentence to twenty years in the penitentiary.

Many of the best citizens signed a petition for a commutation of his sentence, as did also nine of the jury. The physician who attended the child signed a statement addressed to the Governor, that the victim of the assault did not experience any physical injury, but all of no avail. The execution was private, only officers being allowed to be present. The scaffold was inside the jail. The drop fell shortly before noon.

Beamer spent a quiet night and ate a hearty breakfast. The condemned boy walked firmly to the scaffold, and as the black cap was drawn, said: "Farewell friends and fellow creatures."

The trap was sprung at 6:52, and his neck was broken by the fall.

Beamer yesterday signed a written confession of his crime.

OLIVER BRISTOW,

CAMDEN, S. C., March 30.—Oliver Bristow, colored, was hanged to death at 12:45 p.m., for the murder of F. N. McDowell.

## The Braidwood Mine to Be Closed.

CHICAGO, March 30.—Despairing of overcoming the obstructions of the Braidwood Mine, which now make it difficult to search for the remaining bodies, a correspondent states that the owners are considering a proposition to close and abandon the mine and erect over the entrance a monument to the memory of those entombed. This suggestion is opposed by the friends of the dead men. No additional progress was made up to late last night in clearing away the debris.

## A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

### An Entire Train Hurled Down an Embankment.

Fifty-three Passengers Injured, Many of Whom Will Die.

CINCINNATI, March 30.—About half-past 5 this morning an accident occurred on the Southern road at Mason's Station, Ky., some forty miles from this city. The accident befell the Chattanooga express, due in this city at 7 a. m.

The cause of the accident is not yet known, but it was either from a broken rail or a land slide.

It is reported that a number of passengers were injured, but nobody killed. The Superintendent of the road left this morning for the scene of the wreck to render all the assistance necessary.

LATER.

It was reported at 1 o'clock that sixty passengers had been injured.

The accident occurred about five miles from Williamstown, Kentucky, and was caused by a broken rail.

The entire train of five coaches was hurled down an embankment, with 127 passengers on board.

Of these fifty-three were injured, some of them fatally, and it is thought the latter will die before night.

Mr. O. C. Mead, of Covington, who was on the train, describes the scene as a terrible one.

The entire train, with the exception of the engine, was thrown down the embankment, and the walls and cries of anguish from the heap of humanity were pitiable in the extreme.

Dispatches were sent to Williamstown, and all the necessary aid possible was at once rendered.

An omnibus and several furniture cars conveyed the wounded to that town, and after their wounds were dressed the most of them were placed upon the train and sent to Cincinnati.

The train arrived in this city at half past 2 o'clock this afternoon with the wounded, many of whom were taken to the Hospital. Quite a number are residents of this city.

## ATTEMPTED POISONING.

### Two Families in Indianapolis Made Sick by Confectionery.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 30.—A skidish attempt to poison, which was more widespread in action though fortunately not so serious in its results, than the author intended, was made in West Indianapolis last night. Mrs. Deschler found hanging to the knob of her front door a package addressed to L. Forger. He is a son by a former marriage, and does not live with his mother. She opened the package, however, and found an assortment of confectioner's cake, oranges, colored eggs and Easter cards, the whole, from its nature, appearing to be an Easter offering. In the house were Mrs. Deschler, her son Willie Forger, and two little children named Breahm, who lived in the neighborhood of Crown Hill, and who were visiting the family. Mrs. Deschler called on Mrs. Dr. Parsons, a neighbor, and her two year old child, and they all ate of the contents of the box. Presently all began to grow ill, and to vomit, each being attacked with severe pains. Mrs. Parsons called her husband, who at once detected symptoms of poisoning by phosphorus, and suitable remedies were at once administered; and to-day all the victims of the outrage are believed to be out of danger, although the ladies are still very ill. They suffered intensely during the night, and it is evident that the lives of the sufferers were only saved by the fact that they ate so much of the horribly poisoned cake as to cause their stomachs to reject it.

About six weeks ago Mrs. Deschler was divorced from her husband, Chris. Deschler, who is employed at the Malloable Iron Works. She says she was divorced from him because she could no longer live with him on account of his conduct toward her.

This evening the officers arrested Chris. Deschler on suspicion of being concerned in the outrage, but he vehemently denies any knowledge of it whatever.

## The Jeannette Examination.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The last of the Jeannette heroes have arrived here from New York. The Jeannette Board convened for their examination at the Navy Department to-day at 10 a. m.

## INDIANS IN WAR PAINT

### Judge H. C. McComas, of Silver City, N. M., Murdered,

And His Wife Taken Captive by the Redskins — Fifty Whites Reported Murdered on the Gila River.

LORDSBURG, March 30.—A messenger from Tompson Canon, eighteen miles northeast from here, gives intelligence of the murder by Apaches of Judge H. C. McComas, of Silver City. McComas telegraphed yesterday from Silver City that himself, wife and child would arrive here last night. Mrs. McComas and her son were captured by the Indians. Judge McComas was a member of the law firm of McComas & McKean, of St. Louis. His wife was a sister of Senator Ware, of Kansas. It is rumored that the troops and the hostiles had an engagement in the Whitestone Mountains last night, and that the troops were worsted. The citizens of Benson held a meeting last night, at which the inability of the troops, as handled, was set forth, and the Government urged to adopt a vigorous policy.

DENVER, March 30.—A special from Silver City, N. M., says: "A party left here this morning to bring in the body of Judge McComas. A large body of citizens are now equipping to follow the trail, and rescue the captives. The soldiers stationed at Fort Bayard are all in the field. The country west of here is reported to be full of Indians."

Several camps along the Gila river have been attacked, and probably fifty whites have been murdered during the last four days. Reports from Arizona are to the effect that the Indians threaten the annihilation of all whites in Granite county.

SANTA FE, March 30.—Six companies of the fourth cavalry are scouting after the hostiles. Colonel Forsythe and Major Noyes, each with two companies, are on Stein's Range. Captain Thompson, with two companies, is on Gila river.

## COUNTERFEITERS CAUGHT.

### Having in Their Possession Molds, Metal, Crucibles and Other Paraphernalia.

NEW YORK, March 30.—For some weeks past the officers of the Secret Service Bureau of the Treasury Department have had under surveillance persons suspected of being engaged in the manufacture and circulation of counterfeit nickels and fifty cent pieces, and finally traced them to 152 Bleeker street. Shortly after 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Special Agent Drummond went upstairs and the officers searched the apartment. They found in bureau drawers and elsewhere upwards of \$100 in finished counterfeit five cent pieces, done up in one dollar packages; about \$19 in counterfeit half dollars, five sets of molds, a quantity of base metal, crucibles, and other paraphernalia of a counterfeiter. A man found in the rooms gave the name of James W. Baldwin, and said he came from Brandon, Vt., and had been led into the business by a man named Gill, who was arrested shortly afterward. They were arraigned before U. S. Commissioner Shields, and in default of bail were committed to the Ludlow Street Jail. Gill is known to have been engaged in this business for nearly thirty years. He has served a term for passing counterfeit money in the Kings county penitentiary and a four year term in the State prison at Trenton, N. J., for a like offense.

## A Boy Cut in Two.

ST. LOUIS, March 30.—Herman Stebbaker, a lad of fifteen years, met with sudden death, in the bridge-yards, near the Relay depot, about 10 o'clock this morning.

The Cairo Short Line passenger train was standing at the depot, and several bridge engines were engaged in switching, when young Stebbaker, bent on securing a piece of celluloid lying on the track, jumped in front of bridge engine No. 4, which was backing toward him slowly at the time.

The engineer and fireman were engaged in watching the numerous passengers from the Cairo Short Line, and failed to see the boy until too late. An old man standing close by attempted to warn him of his perilous position, but the boy being deaf did not hear. The wheels passed over the lad's stomach producing almost instant death, and nearly severing the body.

## AN EFFECTUAL BLOW AT GAMBLERS.

NASHVILLE, TENN., March 30.—The Senate has passed the House bill making it a felony for the owner or agent of a building to rent it for gambling purposes. Twenty-two votes were cast in favor of it, and eight Senators refused to vote.

The penalty for a violation of this law is not more than one, nor more than three years in the penitentiary. When the news of the passage of the act was made known on the streets it created quite a sensation among the gambling fraternity. They all said it would effectively break up all banking games such as faro, craps, and all games of chance, except short card games such as are not mentioned in the bill. A large number of the fraternity will leave for other cities, and some who are bound here by family ties will go into other business.

## An Attempt to Burn Vicksburg.

VICKSBURG, Miss., March 30.—A most diabolical piece of incendiary work was nipped in the bud here last night. A barber shop in the center of the city was thoroughly coal-oiled, and the fire fier-

had applied his brand, which happened to attract the notice of a passing pedestrian before the flames had gained much headway. Had the plan succeeded the main business part of the town would have been burned, as a brisk breeze was blowing.

The perpetrator has not yet been ferreted out by our negro police.

## Polk's Proposition Accepted.

NASHVILLE, TENN., March 30.—The House

yesterday adopted a resolution accepting the proposition made by the bondsmen of defaulting Treasurer Polk to settle with the State. It was amended so as to permit the settlement to be made within thirty days, and to provide that the portion of the payment to be made in notes of the Torbett issue shall not include past notes or fractional currency.

## DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

SATURDAY EVE., MARCH 31, 1883.



**TERMS:**—The EVENING BULLETIN is published daily, and served free of postage at 8 cents per week; 25 cents per month; 75 cents per three months; \$1.50 per six months, and \$3 per year, payable in advance.

**OUR AGENTS.**—The following persons are the authorized agents for the DAILY BULLETIN in the places named. Contracts for subscription or advertising may be made with them:

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SHANNON—Wm. Clary.  
MINNEVA—W. H. Hawes.  
MT. OLIVET—Peter Myers.  
MAYSVILLE—J. A. Jackson.  
FEIN LEAF—Harry Burgoine.  
GERMANOTOWN—T. J. Kackley & Co.  
WASHINGTON—Mrs. Anna Thomas.

**5,000.**

The above number represents the circulation, each week, of the DAILY and WEEKLY BULLETIN. Advertisers are invited to call and assure themselves of the truth of the statement, and they are requested to bear in mind that our rates for advertising are the lowest.

COL. JAMES TAYLOR, of Newport, Ky., died on the 29th inst.

GEN. BEFORF, formerly of Kentucky, died at Chicago, on Thursday.

MAYOR JACK, of Louisville, is spoken of in some quarters as a candidate for Governor.

The libel suit against the Courier-Journal by Sarah and George Hite has been decided in favor of the defendant.

The Federal party sought to diminish the authority of the people by consolidating the power of the government. The Republican party is continuation of the Federal. Their creed is the same to-day. Democrats must continue their fight against this pet theory if they would preserve American liberty.

The Cochran Tobacco Inspection Bill has passed the lower house of the Ohio Legislature by a majority of fifty-five to twelve. It was bitterly opposed by the warehouse men of Cincinnati, who were at Columbus in person to defeat it. The chances are that several amendments will be offered to the bill in the Senate which may be the cause of its defeat. The originator of the measure is Mr. Cochran, the representative from Brown county.

As many persons pine to know what a "tinker's dam" is, the New York Sun puts itself to the trouble to explain: A tinker's dam is a dam of dough or other suitable material, constructed by a tinker to confine his molten solder to the business at hand; and that, inasmuch as when a tinker's dam has once served its purpose it possesses little or no commercial value, the phrase has come to be a frequently used and almost universally understood synonyme for worthlessness.

During the coming year the enormous sum of one hundred million dollars will be paid out in federal pensions. The total is sufficient to afford an average pension of one dollar per day the year round to 274,000 men, and it is calculated to relieve a much larger number when we take into account the comparatively small stipends received by the majority of survivors of the war. A report issued by the pension bureau a few days ago show that the number of pensioners actually on the rolls now is 295,000.

The Washington Critic summarizes the item of expenditures in the Star Route trials as presented in the report of the Secretary of the Treasury in answer to Senator Van Wyck's resolution, showing enormous and profligate amounts allowed by the Attorney General to the four prosecuting attorneys, as counsel fees. The amounts specified in this report are only those paid between January, 1882, and March, 1883. George Bliss has received in that time \$56,000; Richard T. Merrick, has received \$20,000; William W. Kerr, \$23,912.37; H. H. Wells, \$2,622.45. Two special attorneys were also paid \$10,250. Thus the total amount paid to these four assistant prosecuting officers, during the period named, was one hundred and fifteen thousand, eight hundred and fifty-four dollars and fifty cents! This is bare-faced and shameless profligacy.

### Lecture to the Boys.

Col. C. L. Hoagland, general manager of the Newsboys' Association, at Louisville, of which Mr. W. N. Huldenman is the President, is in the city, and will, some time to-day, deliver at some convenient point on the street a lecture intended to interest the boys particularly, the subject being, "Boy and Girl Life." Col. Hoagland is recognized as the newsboys' friend, and has endeavored in his intercourse with them to impress upon their minds the motto that "good boys make good men." He has been very successful and is warmly endorsed by parents, educators and the press. He is said to be one of the most interesting and instructive talkers to youths and children in the country, and is prompted in the work in which he is engaged, solely by the humane desire to help by his good advice and personal encouragement all the little, friendless ones to become good and useful members of society. In his mission in this city we wish him God speed, and we urgently advise all the boys in town no matter what their circumstances in life may be, to go and hear something that will be of benefit to them. Col. Hoagland will probably also deliver a lecture to-morrow.

A WHOLLY erroneous idea exists among many persons in this country that the Government prohibits manufacture in Ireland. Such persons are obviously in ignorance that Ulster provides table linen and sewing thread for probably nearly half the world. The linen manufactory of Mr. Ewart, M. P. for Belfast, is one of the largest establishments in the United Kingdom. Factories of all sorts are to be found in numbers in and around large cities, and, were the country in a calm condition, there would be many more. Distilleries and breweries flourish especially in Cork and Dublin, where splendid fortunes have been made in them. Ireland does not contain coal available for domestic use, but if her coal beds have been allowed to lie dormant, it has been because it was thought that working them would not pay. So far as any industrial occupation is concerned, a man is as free to work or manufacture in Ireland as in England or Scotland.

The subterranean passage referred to in Ranek's History of Lexington as supposed to be under the city, has been discovered and explored by Transcript reporters. These enterprising gentlemen made the exploration at night under very uncomfortable circumstances, and presented the matter in full for the digestion of the Lexingtonians at their breakfasts next morning. The passage is thought to have been constructed by the early settlers and lead to an old fort where the Carter building now stands. It is a cold day when the Transcript gets left on an item of real news.

THERE will be no collections taken up at any of Col. Hoagland's lectures, but those who are interested in the welfare of the neglected boys of the city will have the opportunity to buy a little book, which deals directly with the matter and gives practical illustrations of the working of his theory. We have examined the work and give it our warm approval as a book calculated to stimulate and encourage the ambition of boys in a useful direction.

IT is thought that Kellogg, who was indicted for complicity in the Star Route conspiracy, will escape punishment by pleading the statute of limitations. He has promised a public statement of his connection with the conspirators.

IT is now proposed to issue \$2,000,000 in silver certificates each month, based upon an equivalent in bullion. Besides being more convenient, this system would save the cost of coinage enough to supply actual demands.

ELDER A. N. GILMER will to-morrow handle the delicate subject of "What can a young lady do?" We stop the press to suggest to him that he tell her she can stop chewing wnx.

### New Act.

Boston Globe.

A neatly dressed and thirsty individual entered a Virginia City, Nevada, saloon, approached the bar-tender and said: "I have no money. Will you accept stamps in payment for a gin cocktail?" The bar-tender smiled, answered in the affirmative, and prepared the drink, which soon went sizzling down parched throat of the customer. He smacked his lips, complimented the bar-tender on his ability, walked to the lunch-table, regaled himself, and then, giving three resounding "stamps" with his foot upon the floor, smiled sweetly at the proprietor and vanished.

## IN A CHARMER'S TOILS.

### Russian Officials Powerless in Mlle. Philippoff's Presence.

For Five Years This Wonderful Woman Has Evaded Detection, Yet She Has Taken Part in all Important Nihilistic Movements.

NEW YORK, March 29.—A St. Petersburg letter, under date of March 10, says: The capture of an important female Nihilist took place in the person of Mlle. Philippoff, better known as "Finger." The Russian police officials were searching for her about five years without success, though they had convincing proofs of her participation in recent Nihilistic crimes. She was wanted for having lent a hand to the Nihilists, who were at different times digging the ground under divers railroad lines with the object of blowing up the late Emperor's train. She was mixed up in the celebrated robbery of the Kherson Treasury vaults by Nihilists, and is said to have been in St. Petersburg at the time of the assassination of Alexander II., having a thorough knowledge of the terrible plot.

Belonging to the middle class of Russian provincial society, Mlle. Finger was rightly famed for her beauty and remarkable smartness. She has studied medicine in the University of Zurich, obtained a diploma of M. D., then returned to Russia and married a young assistant of the Procurer of the Court of Kazan; after three months of married life she left him and could not be laid hands on for five years, bailing all the traps set for her by the Russian detectives, but being invariably heard of in conjunction with Nihilistic crimes. The jubilations of the police and pride at capturing her are better imagined than described. As soon as she was brought to the capital all officials of high standing hurried to see her, and found it hard to resist the combined power of her glib tongue and beauty. The Chief of the Secret Police in St. Petersburg, M. Orgowsky, went to see her, first with the object of impressing her with the gravity of her situation, but after a few minutes of conversation he beat a hasty retreat, remembering, as the gossips say, that he has been but lately married, in the presence of the Imperial couple, to the young and accomplished Princess Natalia Shaofovskoy, and being suddenly seized with a mortal fear, to be unable to resist the charmer, Mlle. Philippoff.

Then Count Folsay, the Minister of the Interior, volunteered to see her. He, however, being an old man, was no more afraid of the consort of the best half of his life, and staying an hour and a half in the cell left it, as he himself subsequently owned, well-nigh overpowered by her arguments, feeling almost converted to Nihilism for an hour or so. The whole population of the capital is eager to see her, but only a few old privileged individuals are admitted to her presence, since it is feared were the younger allowed to visit her she possibly would succeed in persuading one of them to let her escape in his clothes, the gentleman remaining behind in a guise of a hostage, to be disposed of by the government.

Setting a Town on Fire for Fun.

NEW YORK, March 30.—William Washburn, a boot maker of Brewster's Station, N. Y., was arrested to-day on a charge of arson preferred by the Brewster's authorities. Washburn, it is alleged, was one of a band of three men who are charged with setting fire to half a dozen houses in the village for fun. They went about at night with kerosene and matches, and applied them wherever they saw their chance. The town hall and a number of private houses were set fire to in this way. The other two members of the band were William's twin brother, Thomas Washburn, and William Warren. These two are now under arrest at Brewster's.

### It Was in Working Order.

ST. LOUIS, March 30.—Stephen C. Howard, from Dyersburg, Tenn., was accidentally shot, and probably fatally wounded, in a gun store at the corner of Broadway and Christy avenue, by J. P. Gemmer, the proprietor. Howard and a companion entered the store and asked to be shown some pistols. Several were exhibited, and in pulling the trigger of a self-acting bulldog a ball was discharged. The ball penetrated Howard's left breast, inflicting a probably fatal wound. Gemmer was taken into custody.

### Warning to Mrs. Haight.

DE RUYTER, N. Y., March 29.—An effigy of Mrs. Haight, who is accused of shooting her husband, was discovered at dawn this morning, dangling from the bough of a large pine tree in front of the Union Church. On a piece of paper attached to it was the warning: "Mrs. Haight, beware; your turn comes next.—Vigilance committee." A picture of Mrs. Haight shooting her husband was pinned between the warning and the signature.

### Shot by Moonshiners.

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 30.—C. F. Hightower, informer and guide to a party of revenue officers in search of a band of moonshiners, was shot and killed by one of the band in ambush yesterday in the Saluda Mountains, Greenville county.

Getting Down to Business.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Secretary Teller says he intends, now that Indian troubles have begun, to subject all the savages to our laws, or kill them all off. He believes their time is at hand.

## BUSINESS HOUSES.

THE following are among the leading Business Establishments of Maysville. Customers will find these houses reliable and occupying a commanding position in their respective lines.

### A. FINCH & CO.,

—Dealers in—

### GRAIN, FLOUR and HEMP.

Cor. Third and Sutton Streets,

mchdly MAYSVILLE, KY.

### FRANK R. PHISTER,

### BOOKSELLER, STATIONER,

Manufacturer of Picture Frames and dealer in Miscellaneous Goods.

mchdly MAYSVILLE, KY.

### MORRISON & KACKLEY,

—Wholesale and Retail—

### BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS.

Second Street. (mchdly) MAYSVILLE, KY.

### MRS. A. J. WILLIAMS.

### CARPETS,

### Rugs, Oil Cloths and Mattings

Will be sold CHEAP for the next thirty days. Call and see them.

mchdly No. 29, East Second Street.

### HUNT & DOYLE,

—Every new shade in—

### DRESS GOODS,

Crushed Strawberry, Electric Blue, Egyptian etc., and new Trimmings to match.

Second St., mchdly MAYSVILLE, KY.

### J. W. SPARKS & BRO.,

No. 24, MARKET STREET.

### NEW CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS

and Window Shades. Good Carpets at 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 60, 65, 70, 75, and 90 ets., \$1.00 and \$1.25 per yard.

mchdly mchdly MAYSVILLE, KY.

### MISS MATTIE CARE,

Second street, January's Block.

### Millinery Goods, Hats, Laces,

Feathers, Trimmings etc., of the latest styles.

Prices Low.

### Q. A. MEANS,

### FURNISHING UNDERTAKER.

Full line of Burial Robes and all articles required by the undertaking trade. Orders promptly attended to day or night.

mchdly No. 61, East Second Street.

### WHITE & ORT,

### FURNITURE.

We will not be undersold by any house in Kentucky or at Cincinnati, if we have half a chance.

mchdly MAYSVILLE, KY.

### W. H. MATHEWS & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in—

### Building and Dressed Lumber,

Laths, Shingles, blinds, Frames, Doors, Sash, Stoves, Fencing, Tobacco Hodges, &c.

mchdly MAYSVILLE, KY.

### A. M. ROGERS,

—DEALER IN—

### Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps.

41 E. Sec. St., mchdly MAYSVILLE, KY.

### L. W. GALBRAITH,

### INSURANCE AGENT.

Office—Third street, near Court House. Represents Louisville Underwriters' Fire and Marine company. Insures against lightning and wind.

### WILLIAM HUNT.

Manufacturer and originator of the celebrated brands of

### CIGARS,

Silver Dollar, Wm. Hunt's Dark Horse, Happy Smoke, Three Beauties, Cordwood and Gold Slugs. Second Street, Maysville, Ky.

JAS. H. SALLEE, CLARENCE L. SALLEE,

### SALLES & SALLES,

### ATTORNEYS AT LAW

### INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

Court Street, (sepdly) MAYSVILLE, KY.

### M. F. MARSH,

### ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Justice of the Peace,

REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE AGENT.

Will advertise and sell real estate. No charges whatever unless a sale is consummated. Deeds, mortgages &c. written at rates as low as any one's. Office Library Building, Sutton street.

mchdly mchdly MAYSVILLE, KY.

### F. H. TRAXEL,

### Baker and Confectioner

FRESH OYSTERS A

## DAILY EVENING BULLETIN,

SATURDAY EVE., MARCH 31, 1883

**ROSSER & McCARTHY,**  
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.



A PRETTY girl has sent us word  
To mind out how we walk,  
Or else we're going to hear from her  
Some very solemn talk.  
The threat we feel compelled to say.  
The needed thickness lacks,  
Because, to talk, she'd be obliged  
To lay aside her wax.

THE BULLETIN office has got a new water bucket and dipper. What will the hell hounds of the opposition say to this?

THE funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Wheeler will take place from the family residence this afternoon at two o'clock. Services by Rev. S. B. Alderson.

MR. KENDALL MORAN, chief clerk of the Boston, is taking a vacation of two weeks, and the office of that house will, in the meantime, be managed by Messrs. Henry Holloway and Harry Bruce.

MR. GEORGE ORT., Jr., furniture dealer on Sutton street, is receiving daily, the latest styles of furniture of all kinds. He has some exceedingly handsome goods, and is prepared to offer prices that will give entire satisfaction.

A GENTLEMAN who has lately made a trip over the main line of the Kentucky Central speaks in the most complimentary manner of Conductor John Throckmorton. He says he is one of the most polite and obliging officers he has ever met.

MESSRS. BIERHOWER & Co. have bought the interest of Mr. A. J. Egnew in the stove and tinware business, and will continue the same at the old stand. They have just received a new and well selected stock of goods to which they invite attention.

The following is from the Covington news of the Expositor: Mr. Will H. Pickett, son of Prof. Joseph Desha Pickett, Superintendent of Public Instruction, was in the city yesterday looking up his father's chances for re-election. This county will be in line for Pickett.

AMONG the new styles of ladies' shoes ordered this season by Mr. A. M. Rogers, is one that strikes the BULLETIN as the identical thing to set off a pretty foot. It is a patent leather box button shoe and is the very latest novelty in that line. The new styles are arriving every day.

The wedding bells will be jingling again soon—this time at Minerva. Mr. Philip White on the 5th proximo will lead to the altar Miss Mary Darlington, the ceremony to take place at the Catholic Church. The BULLETIN wishes the happy couple good luck all their lives.

SOL. SMITH RUSSELL, the great comedian, whose brilliant success this season is so well known, will appear at the Opera House, in this city, April 9th, in "Edgewood Folks." As Mr. Russell is a great favorite in this city it is hardly necessary to say he will be warmly welcomed, as he has always been heretofore.

Rooms for house keeping and small dwellings are in great demand just now. Scarcely a day passes that inquiry is not made at this office regarding such accommodations. The Building Association has a fine opportunity to be of great service in building up the city and supplying this need.

FRANK R. PUSSER has some very hand-some goods and one thing that we noticed as especially worthy of mention, is a book entitled "Sunshine for Little Children," a collection of entertaining and instructive articles and filled with fine engravings. Two very fine lithographs go with each number and the price for all is only fifty cents.

MARRIAGE and giving in marriage is going on at a lively rate across the river in Brown county, and the Maysville furniture dealers, will, if they can take a hint, order a new supply, of eradiates. Here is the record for the past week:

J. J. Serrin and J. B. Everton.  
Y. J. McCracken and Lucy Fauntz Evans.  
John I. Howland and Mary E. Keer.  
A. H. Porter and W. E. Flaugher.  
Adam Fau and Anna Mary Knutz.

The concert at the Opera House last night by the young ladies of Maysville was well attended and exceedingly entertaining. The voices were all good and the selections rendered very pleasantly. All present were much gratified, and we are very certain those who failed to attend, if they knew the pleasure they missed, will find in it a source of regret. It was certainly a well managed and well presented entertainment.

### He Didn't Go Along.

A representative of the BULLETIN, yesterday afternoon, guided by an evil star ventured into a business house that had as many people about the counters as if it had been a small-pox hospital with a yellow flag flying at the outside. There was a cordial, inviting air about the place that prompted you to look around to see if a shot-gun was aimed at you or a bull-dog about to be unchained.

"No," said the proprietor crustily, "I don't want to do any advertising. I had my name painted on the fence about three years ago, but it was a dead loss and I have regretted it ever since."

The BULLETIN man squared himself for action. He assailed him with eloquence on the flank, up the center and across the middle. The hot fire was returned with red-pepper, gall and wormwood, the engagement lasting about an hour. But at the end he was not a bit disorganized and quite as unin impressionable as if he had been a bank clerk of twenty years standing. Finally, with a determination not to be routed, the BULLETIN man offered him advertising space for nothing, proposed to throw in a chromo, and stood ready, if the worst came to the worst, to clinch the bargain by giving him free tickets to the next circus.

"I am almost persuaded," this enterprising man of business did reply, "to take half a square for a couple of hours, but upon reflection I remember that I have a horse-shoe nailed over the door, and that I make it a point to see the new moon over my left shoulder once a month. That I think is sufficient, so I don't believe I will go along with you this trip."

And he didn't.

### PERSONALS.

Mrs. Walter Blatterman is visiting friends at Cincinnati.

Dr. S. M. Cartinell was out for a short time yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Walter Blatterman returned from Cincinnati, yesterday afternoon.

Cadet Ed. Watson, of the Kentucky Military Institute, is at home on a short visit.

Mr. Thomas A. Curran, who has been unwell for some time past, was out for a few hours yesterday.

Mr. Fred G. Berger, Sol. Smith Russell's manager, was in the city yesterday arranging for the presentation of "Edgewood Folks," on the 9th of April.

Messrs. Hiram Pearce and Ollie Smith have returned to Cincinnati from New York and were successful in making highly satisfactory business arrangements.

Mr. W. L. McCorkle, formerly of this city, has been appointed manager of the law office of Mr. Elliott F. Sheppard, a distinguished member of the New York bar and son-in-law of W. H. Vanderbilt, the millionaire.

The Churches.

Services will be held as usual at St. Patrick's Church to-morrow.

Services will be held at the Presbyterian Chapel to-morrow. Rev. John Barbour will preach at night.

Morning and evening services will be held at the Southern Presbyterian Church to-morrow. Rev. E. H. Harding will fill the pulpit.

Rev. J. K. Pace will deliver a farewell address to the Sunday school children of the Baptist Church to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

There will be Sunday School at the Chester M. E. Church, to-morrow at 9 o'clock a. m., and preaching by Rev. Mr. Boatman, at 7 p. m.

Rev. M. D. Reynolds will be absent from the city to-morrow. The pulpit of his church will be filled by Dr. G. T. Gould, morning and evening.

Rev. Mr. Heiminger, of Marion, O., has been called as pastor of the German Church of this city. His opening sermon will be preached Sunday, April 8th.

Rev. A. Boering will hold services at the M. E. Church, to-morrow morning and evening. The text for the evening sermon will be taken from John iii: 17.

Rev. J. K. Pace will preach at the Baptist Church to-morrow morning at eleven o'clock. At half past seven o'clock in the evening a prayer meeting will be held when the parting between the pastor and the congregation will take place.

Rev. A. N. Gilbert will preach at the Christian Church to-morrow morning on the question, "Is there Punishment after Death?" At night he will give the second of the lectures to the young people, the subject being, "What can a Young Lady do?" Seats all free. The public is cordially invited.

### POOL SELLING.

**The Mysteries and Manipulations of Paris Mutuals as Explained by General Buford.**

We take the following from the Louisville Evening Post which copied it from General Buford's corner of Dunten's Spirit of the Turf. We are pleased to learn that the General has become interested in the success of our trotting meeting and will be present, and will give us an article in the Spirit of the Turf on the surroundings of Maysville. Our beautiful race course he says, is in every respect equal for either trotting or running to any in the country:

Now that the campaign of 1883 is upon us, and on which so many millions of money will be staked, it will not be out of place to discuss the different modes of betting now in vogue on the various grounds of the jockey clubs in the country, by inquiring into the practices, as well as the rules and regulations, governing this betting. As men and women, too, will bet on a horse race, as well as on the future price of grain, it becomes the duty of the public, as far as it is in their power, by exposing the fraudulent manipulations and practices, if any, in the bucket shops or on the Jockey Club grounds. By reference to the sermon delivered in Brooklyn, N. Y., by the Rt. Rev. DeWitt Talmage which was styled by the Courier-Journal a Buford sermon, the different styles of betting on a horse were elaborately and minutely explained. On reading this sermon we were struck with the great familiarity the reverend gentleman evidently possessed on the subject, and concluded, with strong reasons to prove the conviction, that he had gained this complete knowledge of the subject by actual experience. Be that as it may, he most assuredly understood the subject, and if ministers and Christians will occasionally "lay a wager," it becomes the duty of all turf editors to see they are not taken advantage of. In the same sermon referred to it was gratifying indeed to find that so grand a man as Talmage fully endorsed the liberal position taken by General Buford on the question of church and turf. On a horse race there are several styles of betting—the auction pools, book-betting and French mutuals, the most elegant and fashionable of which is the French mutuals, as at many of the most popular racing points you can see the first ladies of the land sending their maids of honor or escorts to purchase a few French mutual tickets. It is this style of betting that we wish to investigate just now. There are used in this betting a number of machines or boxes, that are built for the express purpose, with some little machinery about them; a crank, an indicator and a face, on which is placed all the names of the horses that are to run in the race. There are usually from two to one-hundred dozen machines in operation at the same time, all of which are under the command and management of a gentleman who is styled the French Professor. His command of this brigade of mutuals is as arbitrary as that of a General in the army over a brigade of troops. The sale of tickets usually begins an hour or so before the race. At each machine stands a man to receive the money paid for tickets, and to turn the crank when a ticket is sold. As fast as the tickets are sold the crank is turned, and the indicator shows the number of tickets sold. When the side of tickets is stopped, all the numbers in all the machines are added together. This gives the total number of tickets sold. Multiply this number by five, which is the usual price of a single ticket, and you have the amount of money in the machines, which amount is to be divided by the persons buying the winning horse, minus the percentage allowed to the Professor. Should there have been sold but one ticket on the winning horse, then the purchaser gets all the money in the machines minus the percentage. Should there have been ten tickets sold, then the holder of each ticket will get one-tenth of the amount in the machines minus the percentage. When the numbers indicating the number of tickets sold on each horse are not interfered with, and left in sight of the public until the official decision of the race is made by the judges, there is no trouble, and all is fair and just, and the turning of the crank sounds as nice to him who has purchased the winning tickets as the tingling of a wedding bell. But it is said to be the case that sometimes, a few moments before the race is run, the Professors, or an expert for them, may close one or two of the machines, when no one is noticing the indicator, which tells the number of tickets sold, and continue to sell on the number of tickets sold in the closed machines, gives them a chance to do their manipulating. For instance, should a horse win a race on which were sold five tickets, and the manager report ten sold, he will get just one-half the money in the machines, thus placing it in his power to manipulate the machines greatly to his advantage. When the race is being run you may sometimes see an expert—as was the practice in France, and caused the abolition of this system of betting in that country—figuring very industriously with all the numbers out of sight, and the public waiting until the result of the race is announced and his figuring finished, before they can learn the number of tickets sold. When the sale on any of the machines is stopped, the report of the indicator should immediately be placed on a blackboard. The officers of the Coney Island, Baltimore and Long Branch clubs, and perhaps others, require the numbers indicating tickets sold to remain in the machines all the while, exposed to the public to whom they belong, until after the race is decided and

announced from the stand. Any interference with the machines after the sale of tickets begin, is indicative of interested manipulation. It was the abuse of this most elegantly and gentlemanly way of betting or laying a wager that induced the turf officials of France to drive these machines from their club grounds and abandon their system of betting, and, as an ounce of prevention is worth a pound cure, we are induced to make these suggestions in due time. The liberal gentlemen of America, both Christian and sinning, are fond of this great national sport, and when they attend the races they must get up a little excitement, so they let a little, and when they are satisfied that all is fair, and the race and betting is on the square, they come again, and go home happy, win or lose, and there is no trouble with the church, especially if they win.

The removal of the Rev. J. K. Pace, from Maysville will be sincerely regretted by a wide circle of friends. He is a quiet, unassuming gentleman who will be kindly remembered by all.

PECK'S BAD BOY at Phister's—50 cents.

### CITY ITEMS.

Advertisements inserted under this heading to be paid for each insertion.

TRY Langdon's City Butter Crackers.

Tonyco cottons, yard wide, at Hunt & Doyle's.

New carpets, floor oil cloths and rugs at Hunt & Doyle's.

Whitew. Womad has just received a supply of superior grate coal which he is selling at 10cts. per bushel. 31dw

Domestic Reviews, fashion plates, catalogues, patterns, at Hunt & Doyle's.

Lavish, call and see our cheap Tables and get bargains.

A. R. Glasscock & Co., mfrs. 21-22w&11

J. A. Jackson & Son, of Maysville, are sole agents in that place for all of J. C. Ayer & Co.'s celebrated patent medicines, and many other valuable preparations, among them T. B. Snid's Kidney Tonic. Call and get a bottle. 11.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the first blood medicine to prove a real success, still holds its place as first in public estimation, both at home and abroad, as shown by its miraculous cures and immensely increased sales.

When a cold or other cause checks the operation of the sensitive organs, their natural healthy action should be restored by the use of Ayer's Pills, and inflammatory material thereby removed from the system. Much serious sickness and self-cripple might be prevented by thus promptly correcting those slight derangements that, otherwise, often develop into settled disease.

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#### THE OHIO MAN.

We Will Take the Postmaster Generalship If He Can Get It—Hatton's Prospects.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Ohio for the vacant Cabinet position is the talk everywhere here now. Her claims have seemingly taken tangible shape—that is, it is well known here that at least the claims of Foster and Butterworth have been presented to the President. Now that Ohio is fairly into the race, every Ohioan seems to be anxious to say or do something, and the consequence is, Ohio is on every tongue. But this does not indicate that Ohio will get the place; no, not by a long way. Major Butterworth was among the callers at the White House yesterday. He makes no secret of his candidacy now. The Star says of the Ohio boom,

"Ohio is the first to come to the front to pre-empt the vacancy in the Cabinet caused by the death of Postmaster General Howe. The funeral of Mr. Howe over, the presumption on the part of the Ohio man is that the President will now take up for consideration the question of his successor. This afternoon General Charles Grosvenor, of Athens, Mr. Briggs Cunningham, a national bank president of Cincinnati, and Mr. W. T. Lippincott, of Cincinnati, also a banker, will call upon the President and urge upon him the importance of Ohio being represented in the Cabinet. They have no candidate to urge, but only the claim of the State to recognition. General Grosvenor says that the appointment of an Ohio man in the Cabinet will very materially strengthen the Ohio Republicans in the State campaign next fall. Aside from this, however, he thinks Ohio is entitled to recognition because its electoral vote will be necessary in the Presidential campaign to elect a President of the United States."

The Critic states upon semi-official authority that the President will designate Frank Hatton First Assistant Postmaster General, to be acting Postmaster General, which appointment will hold good ten days, at the end of which a Postmaster General will, under the law, have to be appointed, and predicts Hatton's final appointment.

#### Hospitalities to Ex-President Diaz.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Yesterday General J. W. Foster, General Sherman, Assistant Secretary State Davies, and a dozen others, steamed down the Potomac on the United States steamer Dispatch to Mount Vernon, with ex-President Diaz, of Mexico. General Diaz expressed himself as delighted with the trip. General Diaz and party leave Washington for New York, via the Baltimore and Potomac road, to-day in the special train provided by the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railway, which brought them through from St. Louis and Chicago. From New York the party goes to Boston for two days, and after visiting Albany will return to Galveston, Texas, where a steamer will be taken for Vera Cruz. The same train, by special request of General Diaz, will convey the distinguished guests throughout the entire land trip.

#### The July Wheat Corner Suit Decided.

CHICAGO, March 30.—The Illinois Supreme Court yesterday decided the celebrated suit of A. M. Wright, J. T. Bester, and others, against the Chicago Board of Trade, affirming the decision of the lower court. The litigation grew out of the famous July wheat corner, engineered by Philip Armour, C. J. Kershaw, and John Plankinton, where the price was run up from the nineties to 136. Four million bushels were defaulted, the principal defaulter being Wright, Lester, Baker & Co., Smith McCormick & Co., and Adams Bros. An arbitration committee ruled in favor of Armour, but the defaulter appealed to the court, sustained the board, and on further appeal the Supreme Court sustains the board in its ruling that the twenty-one defaulters must pay the margin or be expelled from the board on the ground that the board is a voluntary body and can discipline its own members.

#### Important Arrest.

LONDON, March 30.—The watchfulness of the English detectives, which has recently been extreme, was this morning rewarded by the capture at Liverpool of a passenger on the steamer from Cork, believed to be an Irishman, who had in his possession a box containing explosives, and what are believed to be infernal machines. The police have not given details of the information in their possession, but it is understood that they have not been able to identify their prisoner or connect him with any particular organization.

#### Whisky Importation to Canada.

OTTAWA, March 30.—A private dispatch has been received here from Washington stating that the American Government had placed in the hands of the British minister notification for conveyance to the Canadian Government to the effect that they would have no objection to the Dominion Government modifying the existing laws and regulations respecting the admission of American whiskies into Canada to meet the requirements of the Distillers' Association of the United States.

#### Oil Jumps Six Cents.

PITTSBURG, March 30.—Rich harvests were reaped yesterday by speculators in petroleum. All morning and the greater part of the afternoon the fluctuations ranged from 94 to 96 cents only, but at 2:30 p.m., when news was received that the Murphy well in Forest county had been largely discounted, the market took an upward bound, and in ten minutes had advanced 6 cents, from 94 cents to \$1, and the business of the day closed at 99 cents. Great excitement reigned.

#### Sentenced to Be Hanged.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 30.—D. F. Walker was sentenced to be hanged May 4 at Trenton, Ga., for the murder of Sam Hardberger. Hardberger was assaulted on a mountain and perforated with bullets for purposes of robbery, and his festering corpse was not found for several days. When the sentence of death was pronounced Walker stood up and said calmly, "You have condemned an innocent man."

#### Negroes Found Murdered.

ST. LOUIS, March 30.—Henry Depugh and Henry Ross, negroes and cousins, were found dead in their cabin, at the negro settlement near Alton, Ill., last night. Depugh was killed by a shot from a gun, while the other was knifed. Vengeance, it is thought, was the motive which led to the deed, but so far all is conjecture, and the murderers are unknown.

#### Set Green ill.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 30.—Set Green is extremely ill, and his condition does not improve. He is exhausted from insomnia.

#### Death of Parsons.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The Department of Justice has decided, owing to the strictures passed upon the President on account of certain pardons recently made, notably those of Murphy and O'Leary, the Washington three-card monte men, to hereafter keep secret all pardons. The infamy of this rule is apparent in the most casual observer. The pardoning power is to be made one of the private interests hereafter.

#### Arrested for a Crime Committed Twenty-One Years Ago.

STANFORD, March 30.—Sheriff W. B. Hawks, of Mississippi City, Mo., arrived here this morning, having in custody William Shadon, who is charged with the murder of two Confederate soldiers in this county in 1862, and the murder of a then prominent citizen, Berry Davis. He denies the charges, but witnesses are here who will swear to his identity.

#### Eleventh Indiana District.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has ordered the transfer of the office of the Eleventh Indiana District, on April 1, to Thos. M. Kirkpatrick.

#### Death of General Buford.

CHICAGO, March 30.—General N. B. Buford is dead. He graduated at West Point in 1827, and held the rank of Brigadier General of volunteers in the war of the rebellion. He was born in Kentucky in 1807.

#### Gilded Nickels.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Counterfeitors continue to gild and pass as \$5 gold coins the new five cent nickels, say the Treasury official, and the Secret Service is scoopng in the rogues by the score every day.

#### RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 30.—River 4 feet 5 inches and rising.

WHEELING, W. Va., March 30.—River 7 feet inches and rising.

CINCINNATI, March 30.—River 25 feet 9 inches and rising.

LOUISVILLE, March 30.—River 8 feet 5 inches in canal, and 6 feet 2 inches in climate. Stationary.

EVANSVILLE, March 30.—River 14 feet and stationary.

TAHOE, ILL., March 30.—River 24 feet 10 inches and rising.

#### MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CINCINNATI, March 30.—FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Flour—Winter patent, \$16.65 per bushel, family, \$4.65 10; low grade, \$2.75 25; spring patent, \$6.75 6 10; wheat Regatta No. 2 red \$140 10 and No. 75 10; No. 12a 14. Corn—No. 2 mixed, on track, \$6.75; No. 1 mixed, spot, \$6.75; oats—No. 2, 450 lbs. No. 2 white, 16c, 10c 10; No. 2 spot, elevator, 16c. Barley—Nominal, \$2.65 for merchantable oilings.

LONDON, March 30.—Meat—Pork, \$18.30 18.75. Lard—Lamb, 11.50cts. prime steaks, 11cts.; Bacon—Lamb shoulders, 9cts.; short rib sides, 10.65cts. Liver—prime, 10cts. per lb. Bacon—\$1.60 10cts. per lb. Beef—top round, 10.40cts. per lb. Sugar—butter yellow refined, 76cts. per lb. Extra C. 75cts. per lb. Standard A. 85cts. granulated, 91cts. per lb. Butter, 12cts. Molasses—100 lb. prime New Orleans, 18cts. Sorghum, 25cts.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.—Apples—Prime to choice, \$1.50 40. Cherries, \$1.25 30 per box. Oranges—Florida, \$1.50 40 per box. Lemons, \$2.50 30 per box. Cabbages, \$1.75 25 per lb. Onions, \$1.25 25 per brt. Turnips, 50cts. per lb. Potatoes—Michigan rose, 50cts. per bushel. Northern Burlap, \$1.05 per bushel. Highland peashoots, 85cts.

BALTIMORE, March 30.—Flour—Howard and Western Superfine, \$3.37 50; extra, \$4.75 50; 87 cents; family, \$1.65 87.

OATS.—Wheat—No. 2 winter red, spot, \$1.19 12 asked. Corn—Mixed, spot, \$6.75 10. Oats—Wheat white, 51cts. mixed, 50cts. Rye—Dull at 65cts.

PAINTS.—Meat—pork, \$1.50 10. Bulk meats—shoulders and clear rib sides, packed, \$1.40 10. Bacon—shoulders, 9cts.; clear rib sides, 12cts. Ham—14cts. Lard—Reinhard, 12cts. Butter—Western packed, 17cts. 22cts; roll, 14cts.

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